

1200W isolated DC-DC converter with ultra-wide, ultra-high 300 -1500VDC input for Renewable Energy

RoHS

FEATURES

- Ultra-wide input voltage range of 300 1500VDC (Transient 1600VDC last for 10s)
- Industrial grade operating temperature -40°C to +85°C
- High I/O isolation voltage up to 4000VAC
- High efficiency, low ripple & noise
- High reliability, long lifespan
- Input under-voltage protection, input reverse polarity protection, over-temperature protection, output short circuit, over-current, over-voltage protection
- Support 3+1 parallel redundancy, current sharing
- Operating up to 5000m altitude
- Meets Class I (terminal), Class II (lead type)
- EFT immunity meets Level 4
- Design refer to CSA-C22.2 No.107.1, UL1741, EN/IEC/BS EN62109

PV1200-29Bxx is a regulated DC-DC series converter with an ultra-wide and ultra-high DC input of 300-1500VDC, which design based on standard of CSA-C22.2 No.107.1, UL1741, EN/IEC/BS EN62109. The products feature high efficiency, high reliability, high insulation and a high level of safety protection. It is widely used in renewable energy industries, such as photovoltaic inverter, energy storage systems, industrial control. The converters provide multiple protection features and guarantee stable and safe operating environments even under abnormal working conditions. For extremely harsh EMC environment, we recommend using the application circuit show in Design Reference of this datasheet.

Selection Guide							
Certification	Part No.*	Output Power (W)	Nominal Output Voltage and Current (Vo/Io)	Efficiency at 1100VDC (%) Typ.	Capacitive Load (µF) Max.		
	PV1200-29B12	900	12V/75A	91	10000		
,	PV1200-29B24		24V/50A	93	8800		
/	PV1200-29B36	1200	36V/33.34A	94	6600		
	PV1200-29B48		48V/25A	95	4400		

Note: *Use suffix "W" for lead type version.

Input Specifications							
Item	Operating Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		300		1500	VDC		
input voltage kange	Transient (10s)				1600	VDC	
Input Current	300VDC			5			
	800VDC		2		2	А	
Inrush Current	1500VDC	Cold start		150			
Input Under-voltage Protection			Lockout activation range: 285 - 295V Lockout deactivation range: 290 - 300V Hysteresis voltage typical value: 5V			- 295V 90 - 300V ue: 5V	
Input Reverse Polarity Protection			Available				
External Input Fuse				8A/1500VDC, required			
Hot Plug				Unavo	ailable		

Output Specifications					
Item	Operating Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy	All load range		±l		
Line Regulation	Rated load		±l		%
Load Regulation	800VDC		±2		
Ripple & Noise*	20MHz bandwidth (peak-to-peak value)			150	mV

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	300VDC			3	5			
Stand-by Power Consumption	800VDC				4	6	W	
	1500VDC				5	8		
Temperature Coefficient					±0.02		%/ ℃	
Short Circuit Protection				Hicc	up, continuc	ous, self-reco	overy	
	12V			≪20V				
	24V			≪35V				
Over-voltage Protection	36V			≪50V	Output voltage hiccup			
	48V			≪60V				
Over-current Protection	Full input voltage range			110% -	200% lo, hiccup, self-recovery			
	Full voltage	. full	Over-temperature protection start	60		80		
Over-temperature Protection**	load, self-re	cover	Over-temperature protection release	45		65	C	
Minimum Load				0			%	
Hold-up Time	Full load		800VDC input		5		ms	
Start-up Delay Time***					1	3	S	
	12V				10.8 - 13.2			
	24V				21.6 - 26.4		V	
	36V			32.4 - 39.6			v	
Output Voltage Adjustable Range	48V			43.2 - 52.8				
ADJ	12V	Output	voltage adjustable range $> 12.3V$		Output pov	/er ≤900W		
	24V Output voltage adjustable range >24.3V			V				
	36V	Output	voltage adjustable range $>$ 36.5V	Output power \leq 1000W				
	48V	Output	voltage adjustable range $>$ 48.5V					

Note: "The "Tip and barrel method" is used for ripple and noise test, please refer to PV Converter Application Notes for specific information; **Output voltage turn off, self-recovery after fault conditions is removed, the over-temperature point is the ambient temperature of the product; ***Full input voltage / output load range (the cooling-time between input power-off and power-on again is greater than 15s).

General Spe	ecifications						
Item		Operating Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Input - output	Electric Strength Test for 1m					
Isolation	Input - PE	Electric Strength Test for 1m	Electric Strength Test for 1 min., leakage current $<$ 6 mA				VAC
	Output - PE	Electric Strength Test for 1m	Electric Strength Test for 1 min., leakage current <5 mA				
Insulation Type			Primary and secondary meet insulation				einforced
	Input - output						
Insulation Resistance	Input - PE	Testing voltage: 500VDC		100			MΩ
	Output - PE						
Operating Temperature				-40		+85	°C
Storage Tempera	ture					+85	C
Storage Humidity		Non-condensing		95			%RH
			+45 °C to +55 °C	1.7			
		Operating temperature	+55°C to +70 °C	2.2			%/ °C
Output Power Derating		derdning	+70°C to +85 °C	2.66			
		Altitude derating	3000- 5000m	10			%/Km
Safety Standard				Design refer to CSA-C22.2 No.107.1-16, UL1741, EN/IEC/BS EN62109-1		.1-16,	
Safety Class				Class I (ter	Class I (terminal), Class II (lead type)		
MTBF		MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C		≥ 300,000	h		

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Mechanical Specifications				
Case Material	Metal			
Dimensions	292.00 x 225.00 x 58.00mm			
Weight	4000g (Typ.)			
Cooling Method	Free air convection			

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)							
Emissions	CE	CISPR32/EN55032	CLASS A				
	RE	CISPR32/EN55032	CLASS A				
	ESD	IEC/EN61000-4-2	Contact ±6KV/Air ±8KV	Perf. Criteria A			
	RS	IEC/EN61000-4-3	10V/m	Perf. Criteria A			
	EFT	IEC/EN61000-4-4	±4KV	Perf. Criteria A			
Immunity		IEC/EN61000-4-5	Line to line ± 1 KV/line to PE ± 2 KV	Perf. Criteria A			
	Surge	IEC/EN61000-4-5	Line to line ±2KV/line to PE ±4KV (See Fig. 2 for recommended circuit)	Perf. Criteria A			
	CS	IEC/EN61000-4-6	10Vr.m.s	Perf. Criteria A			
	PFMF	IEC/EN61000-4-8	30A/m	Perf. Criteria A			

Note: PE connection is required for CLASS I (terminal) application; no PE connection is required for CLASS II (lead type) application.

Functional Specifications							
Item	Operating Conditions	Operating Conditions			Max.	Unit	
Current Sharing Accuracy (parallel)	Full input voltage range, wh each power supply needs to of more than 50%	-5		+5	%		
		12V			14	% V	
Provention	Applied voltage, product without damaging	24V			28		
BUCKNOW Prevention		36V			41		
		48V			54		
External Enable Pin	External signal to EN pin	1. Pulled high (5-15V) product no output 2. Disconnection or pulled low (<0.3V) product normal output			1		
	Main output status	Normal output	Green on		1		
LED Signal	indication	Power off	Light off				

Product Characteristic Curve



Note: This product is suitable for applications using natural air cooling; For applications in closed environment please consult Mornsun FAE.



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Design Reference





2. EMC compliance recommended circuit



Fig. 2

Model	Recommended value				
FUSE	8A/1500VDC, required				
D1	4000V/50A (two 1000V/50A rectifier bridges in series)				
C1/C2/C3/C4	100µF/450VDC				
R1/R2/R3/R4 1M \Quad /2W					
Note: No PE connection is required for CLASS II application.					

3. IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Additional protective devices, such as lightning protector need to be added if there is an transient pulse voltage greater than 6KV at the Input of PV products in system applications.

4. For more information Please find the application notes on <u>www.mornsun-power.com.</u>



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Dimensions and Recommended Layout

PV1200-29B12



Recommend Torque: M5, $2.4N \cdot m \pm 10\%$ JP2 connector wire range: 20–14AWG

Recommend Torque: M4, 1.2N · m ± 10%

JP3 spec.: XHS2.5-2A

JP4 spec.: A2542-02AW Unit: mm[inch]

General tolerances: $\pm 1.00[\pm 0.039]$



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PV1200-29B24/36/48



Recommend Torque: M5, 2.4N · m ± 10%

JP2 connector wire range: 20-14AWG

Recommend Torque: M4, $1.2N \cdot m \pm 10\%$

JP3 spec.: XHS2.5-2A JP4 spec.: A2542-02AW

Unit: mm[inch]

General tolerances: ± 1.00[±0.039]

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PV1200-29B12W



JP1 connector wire range: 6–2AWG Recommend Torque: M5, 2.4N • m ± 10% Input wire spec.: UL3239 14AWG JP3 spec.: XH52.5–2A JP4 spec.: A2542–02AW Unit: mm[inch] General tolerances: ± 1.00[±0.039]

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PV1200-29B24/36/48W



- 1. CAUTION: "To reduce the risk of fire, connect only to a circuit provided with 8 amperes maximum
- branch-circuit over-current protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA70."
- 2. WARNING: REPLACE ONLY WITH THE SAME RATINGS AND TYPE OF FUSE.
- 3. DANGER HIGH VOLTAGE.

AVERTISSEMENT:

- 1. Avertissement: Pour réduire le risque d'incendie, veuillez connecter uniquement à des circuits de dérivation avec
- protection contre les surintensités conformes au code électrique national ANSI/ NFPA 70.
- 2. AVERTISSEMENT : N'UTILISER QUE DES FUSIBLES DE MÊMECALIBRE ET DE MÊME TYPE QUE LE FUSIBLE DORIGINE.
- 3. DANGER : HAUTE TENSION.

Note:

- 1. For additional information on Product Packaging please refer to <u>www.mornsun-power.com.</u> Packaging bag number: 58220274;
- 2. Unless otherwise specified, parameters in this datasheet were measured under the conditions of Ta=25°C, humidity<75% with nominal input voltage and rated output load;
- 3. All index testing methods in this datasheet are based on our company corporate standards;
- 4. We can provide product customization service, please contact our technicians directly for specific information;
- 5. Products are related to laws and regulations: see "Features" and "EMC";
- 6. The output voltage can be adjusted by the ADJ, clockwise to increase;
- 7. Our products shall be classified according to ISO14001 and related environmental laws and regulations, and shall be handled by qualified units.
- 8. If the final product application is connected to a photovoltaic array, the array needs to be grounded and the voltage between the positive and negative poles of the product shall not be greater than 1500VDC.

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PV1200-29Bxx Series Parallel Redundancy and Current Sharing Application Notes



Parallel Operating

1. Redundancy

The output of the power module can be connected in parallel to achieve redundancy, thereby improving system reliability. The maximum power of the redundant system needs to be derated to ensure that the redundant system can still meet the rated load requirements when a power module fails. At present, the common practice is to build a redundant system using the N+1 method, that is, N+1 power supplies are connected in parallel. It supports the maximum load current N*Iomax, where Iomax is the rated output current of each power supply, for example, the rated output current of each power supply is 50A, and 3+1 are only connected in parallel to build a 3*50A=150A redundant system.

The power modules support 3+1 parallel redundant operation. When any power module in the parallel connection fails, other power modules can continue to work.

Note: When used in parallel, the maximum load current cannot exceed the maximum output current of a single power module at startup, otherwise the entire parallel power supply system will not be able to start and work normally. When any power supply in the parallel connection fails, its current-sharing connection terminal needs to be removed to prevent other power modules from being affected by it, resulting in a decrease in output voltage.

2. Current Sharing

The each power module has a current sharing connection terminal (JP3). If the current sharing function is required, the current sharing terminals of all power modules must be connected together when working in parallel. The wiring method of the current sharing function is shown in the figure below:



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Note: The JP3 ports of each power module have the same function, and there is no sequence.

The output voltage of each power module will affect the accuracy of current sharing. It is recommended that the output voltage of the power module be the rated voltage ±50mV. In practical applications, if the output voltage value needs to be adjusted, the output voltages of all parallel-connected power modules need to be adjusted to the same voltage. The recommended voltage range is: target voltage value ±50mV.

After the output load of each power module is greater than 50% of the rated load, the current sharing accuracy is required to be \pm 5%. The formula for calculating the average current is:

Current Sharing Accuracy= Io max - Io min Io*total * 100%

Iomax: The maximum output current value of the power modules connected in parallel Iomin: The minimum output current value of the power modules connected in parallel Io*total= Iomax + Iomin

